Kikkoman Corporation

Business Performance Presentation for the Year ended March 31, 2014

April 25, 2014



- The information in this presentation is based on Kikkoman's best knowledge at the time it was prepared.
- This presentation does not constitute a promise or guarantee that the company will achieve its numerical targets or necessarily implement the strategies outlined.



> Progress and Key Management Issues in the Medium-Term Management Plan

> Noriaki Horikiri President and CEO

> Performance in Fiscal 2014 and Forecast for Fiscal 2015

Shozaburo Nakano Executive Corporate Officer and CFO





Progress and Key Management Issues in the Medium-Term Management Plan

Noriaki Horikiri President and CEO

Performance in Fiscal 2014

Consolidated (Compared with Original Forecast)

(Unit: billion yen)

					Breakdown of Change			
	Actual Performance	Forecast	Change Increase / Decrease	%	Translation Difference	Actual Difference	%	
Net Sales	343.2	337.0	6.2	101.8	5.6	0.6	100.2	
Japan	170.7	170.9	(0.2)	99.9		(0.2)	99.9	
Overseas	174.5	168.0	6.5	103.8	5.6	0.9	100.5	
Operating Income	23.8	23.2	0.6	102.8	0.5	0.1	100.5	
Japan	5.3	5.5	(0.2)	96.7		(0.2)	96.7	
Overseas	17.5	16.8	0.8	104.7	0.5	0.3	101.8	
Kikkoman (Holding Company)	5.1	4.9	0.2	105.0		0.2	105.0	
Eliminations	(4.0)	(3.9)	(0.2)		0.1	(0.3)		
Ordinary Income	22.7	21.0	1.7	108.0	0.5	1.2	105.8	
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests	22.3	20.5	1.8	108.7	0.5	1.3	106.2	
Net Income	12.6	12.5	0.1	100.5	0.3	(0.3)	97.8	
Exchange Rate (\(\frac{1}{2}\)/US\(\frac{1}{2}\))	100.0	96.6	3.4					

127.0

7.0

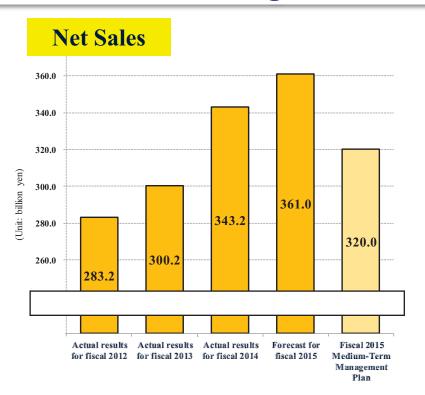
Note: The Company announced the above earnings forecast on October 31, 2013.

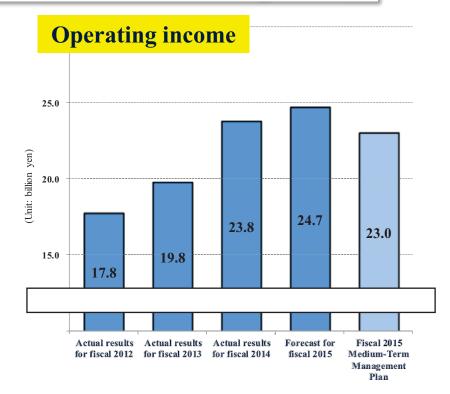
134.0

(¥/EUR)



Medium-Term Management Plan Consolidated Targets





		Actual results for fiscal 2012	Actual results for fiscal 2013	Actual results for fiscal 2014	Forecast for fiscal 2015	Fiscal 2015 Medium-Term Management Plan
Operating income	ratio	6.3%	6.6%	6.9%	6.8%	7.2%
ROA		4.8%	5.6%	6.6%	(No published forecast)	7.0%
Foreign	Dollar	¥79.3	¥83.2	¥100.0	¥100.0	¥78.0
exchange rates	Euro	¥110.2	¥107.6	¥134.0	¥140.0	¥100.0

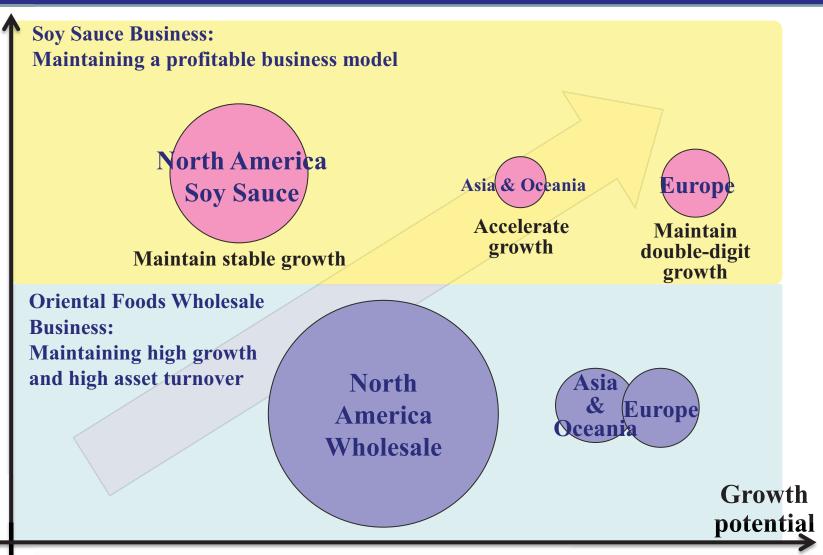
- > Overseas: Maintain growth
- > Japan: Increase earnings power



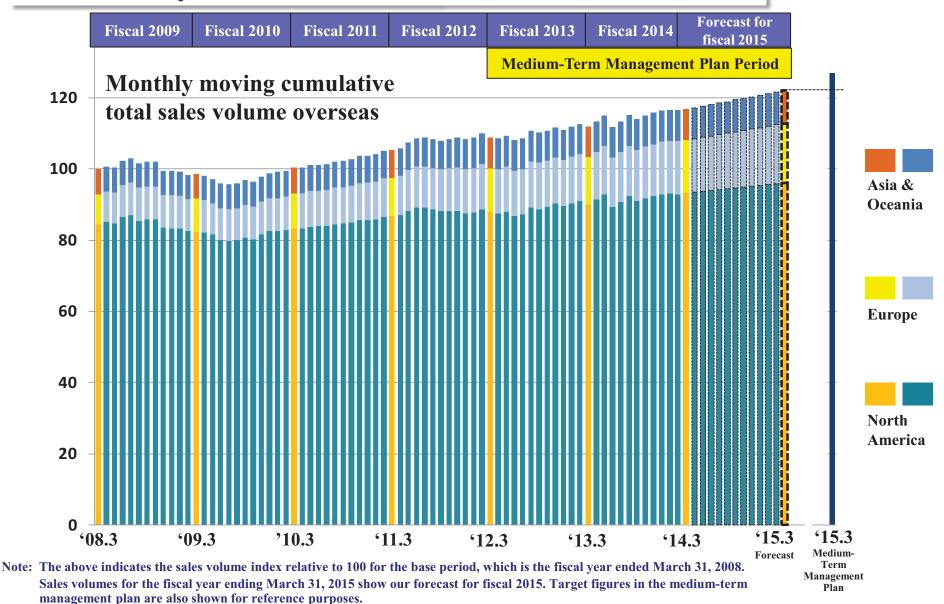
Overseas Business Portfolio

Overseas Business Portfolio

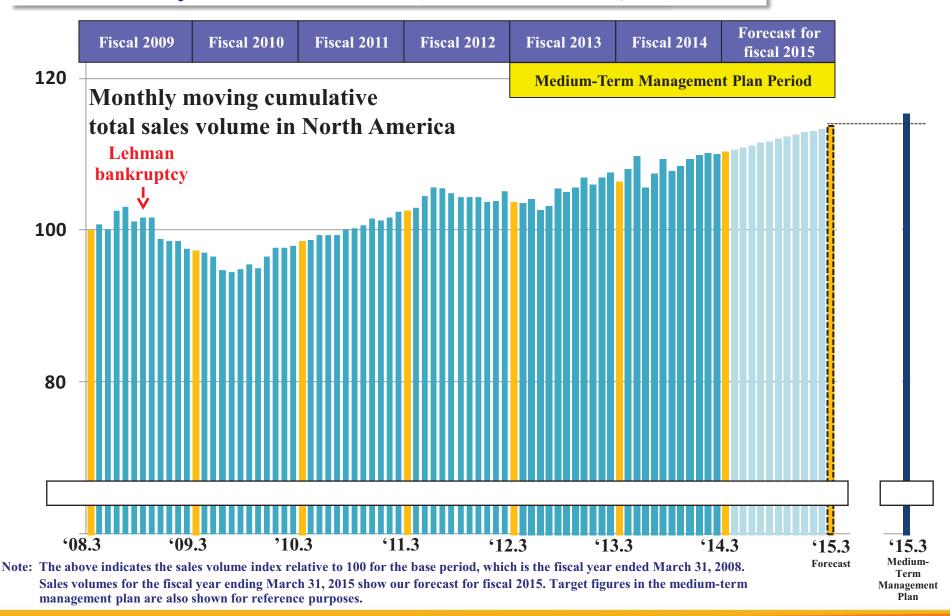
Earnings power



Overseas Soy Sauce Business



Overseas Soy Sauce Business (North America)



Overseas Soy Sauce Business (North America): Maintain Stable Growth

Conduct new product development for brand expansion and enhancing non-price competitiveness



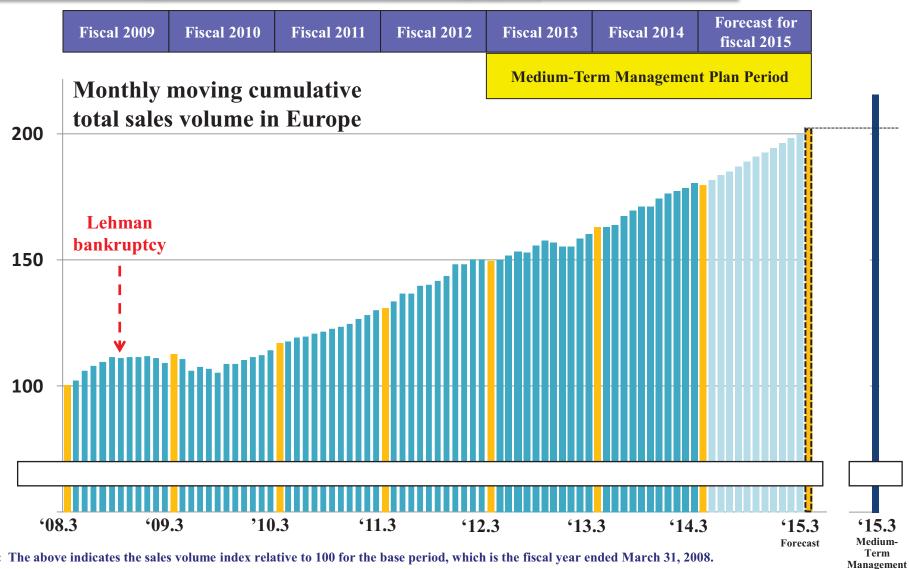
North America

Develop new customers who have not used soy sauce.

Maintain growth by developing new customers while further cultivating the existing customer base.



Overseas Soy Sauce Business (Europe)



Note: The above indicates the sales volume index relative to 100 for the base period, which is the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. Sales volumes for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 show our forecast for fiscal 2015. Target figures in the medium-term management plan are also shown for reference purposes.

Plan

Overseas Soy Sauce Business (Europe): Maintain Double-Digit Growth



Develop advertisement and sales promotions for brand penetration.



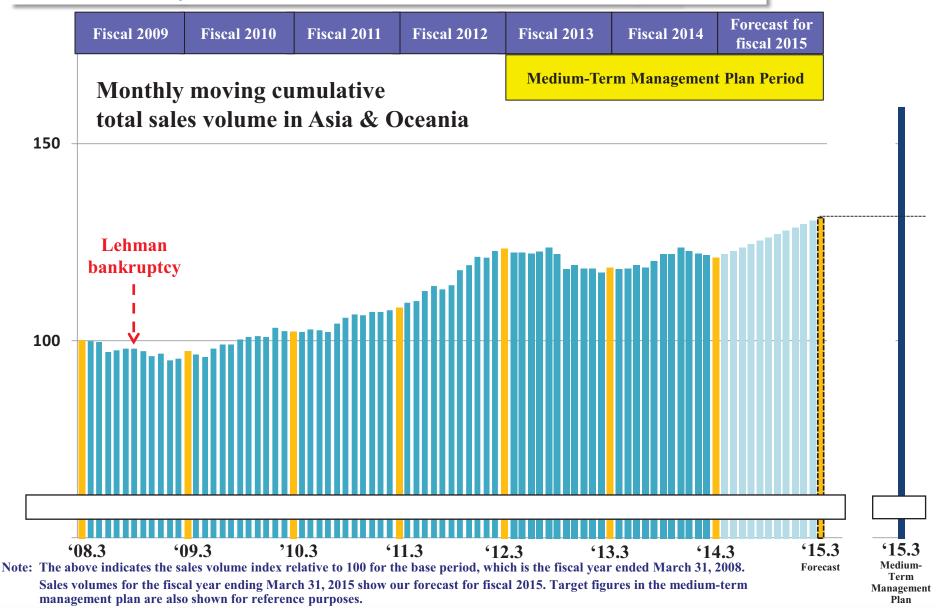
Further enhance cultivation of markets in emerging countries



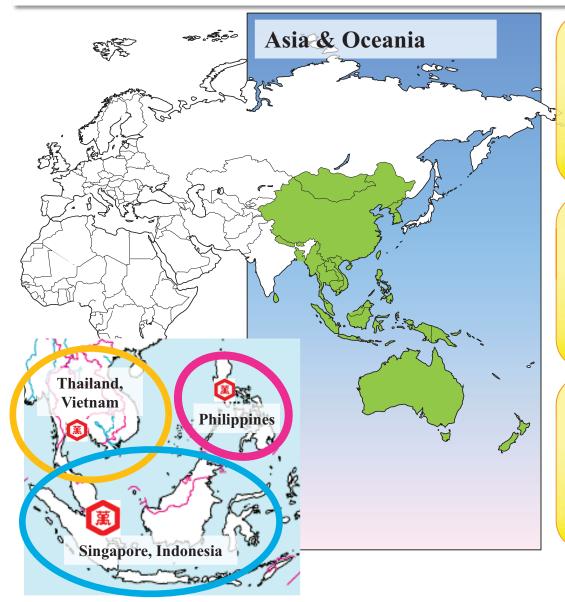




Overseas Soy Sauce Business (Asia & Oceania)



Overseas Soy Sauce Business (Asia & Oceania): Accelerate Growth



Philippines

Expand the Retail Customer Base

- > Use small-volume containers
- > In-store product sampling

Thailand

Expand sales of light soy sauce

Singapore

Brand Penetration and Volume Growth

- > Approach cooking schools
- > Focus on the foodservice-use sector

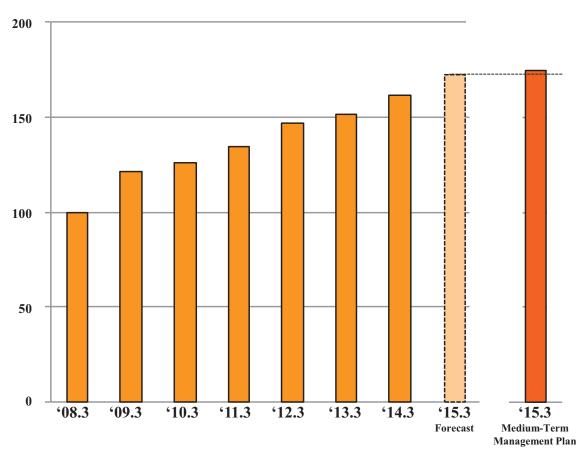


Overseas: Oriental Foods Wholesale Business

JFC,

Change in consolidated net sales in the Oriental

Foods Wholesale Business



North America: Cultivating existing market

Take action to expand sales at general supermarkets and restaurants, utilizing local bases

Europe and Asia & Oceania:

Development of new markets

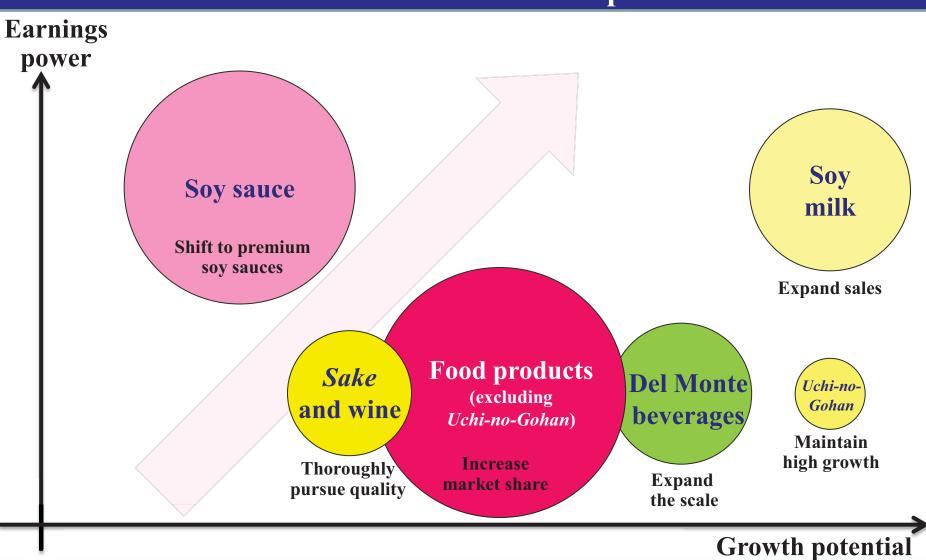
Maintain high growth by promoting the development of bases

Note: Net sales are indexed with 100 representing the level in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. Net changes excluding translation differences are shown on local currency bases.

The sales volume for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 shows our forecast for fiscal 2015. Target figures in the medium-term management plan are also shown for reference purposes.



Business Portfolio in Japan



II. Strengthen the Profit Structure



Japan: Increase Earnings Power

1. Shift to High-Profit Businesses and Products

- ➤ Soy Sauce: Accelerate the shift to premium soy sauces
- ➤ Food Products: Induce growth and strengthen profitability in the category of handy seasoning mixes for easy-to-prepare dishes
- **▶Beverages:** Grow the soy milk business and expand Del Monte beverages
- >Sake and Wine: Thoroughly pursue quality
- ➤ Others: Grow the biochemical and chemical products business









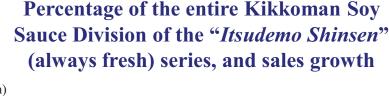




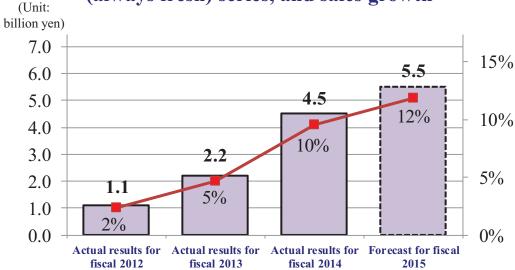
Soy Sauce

Accelerate the shift to premium soy sauces

"Itsudemo Shinsen" series
Highly regarded in the market; sales doubled







Food products

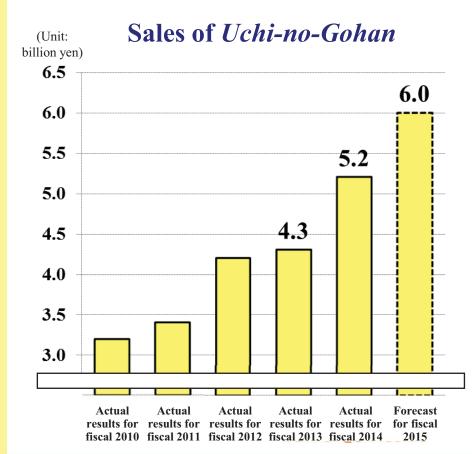
Seafood

Induce growth and strengthen profitability in the category of handy seasoning mixes for easy-to-prepare dishes



Uchi-no-Gohan: handy Japanese-style seasoning mixes

New product



Beverages

Grow the soy milk business and expand Del Monte beverages

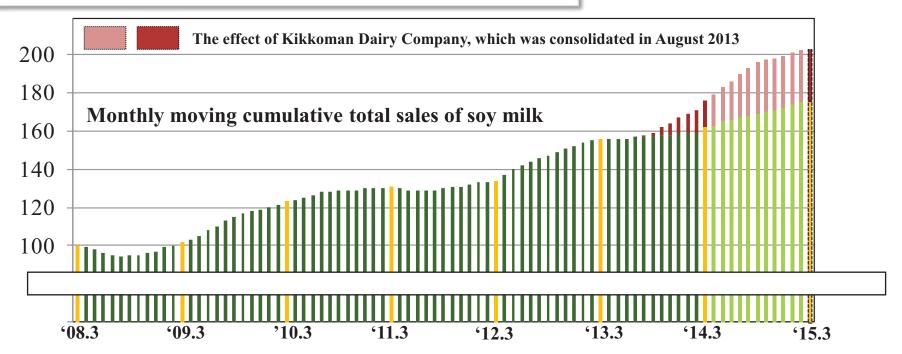
Soy milk:

- Domestic soy milk market: continuing to expand
- The Company's soy milk business: maintain growth in the future









Note: The above indicates the sales proceeds index relative to 100 for the base period, which is the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. Sales for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 show our forecast for fiscal 2015.

Beverages

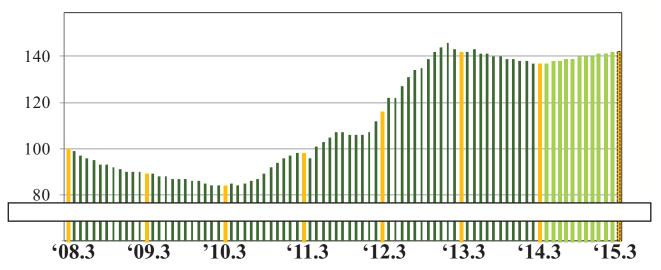
Grow the soy milk business and expand Del Monte beverages

Del Monte beverages

- Sales of vegetable juices and gift packs grew strongly.
- Steady growth in the overall Del Monte beverages business is expected to be maintained in fiscal 2015 through aggressive promotion activities and product development.







Note: The above indicates the sales proceeds index relative to 100 for the base period, which is the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

Sales for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 show our forecast for fiscal 2015.

Japan: Increase Earnings Power

2. Strengthen the Profit Structure

Kikkoman Food Products Company

Structural Improvement

- Variable costs
- Distribution costs
- Labor costs

Nippon Del Monte Corporation

Structural Reform

- Reorganization of production bases (completed)
- Variable costs
- Manufacturing fixed costs

Back-Office Sections of the Group

Streamlining by means of systems integration and others



Financial Strategy

Investments for the Future and Returns to Shareholders

Cash flows from operating activities

Approx. ¥70 billion Fiscal 2013 – 2015





Cash flows







Capital Investment

■ Investment in growth fields (handy seasoning mixes for easy-to-prepare dishes, soy milk, overseas businesses, etc.)
Approx. ¥45 billion for fiscal 2013 – 2015

Investment in New Business

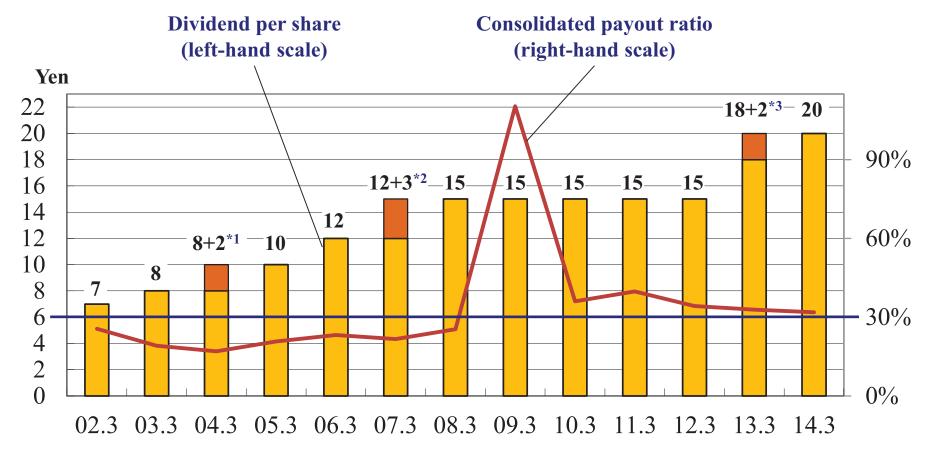


Returns to Shareholders

- Consolidated payout ratio target of at least 30%
- **■** Flexible share buybacks

Financial Strategy

Dividend per Share and Consolidated Payout Ratio



^{*1} A common dividend of \(\frac{4}{8}\) + A commemorative dividend of \(\frac{4}{2}\) for the 30th anniversary of Kikkoman Foods, Inc.



^{*2} A common dividend of ¥12 + A commemorative dividend of ¥3 for the 50th anniversary of entry into the U.S. market

^{*3} A common dividend of ¥18 + A commemorative dividend of ¥2 for the 40th anniversary of Kikkoman Foods, Inc.

Financial Strategy

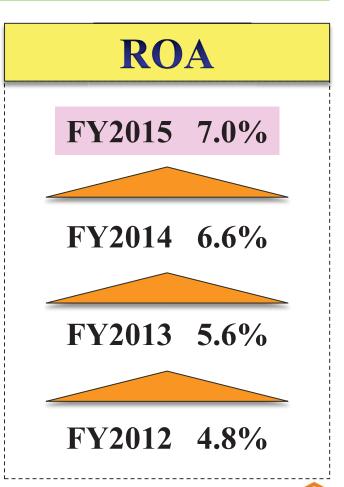
Enhanced Financial Soundness

Capital Composition

- ¥100 billion ceiling on interest-bearing debt
- Debt-to-equity ratio of around 50% (Both under normal circumstances)

Asset Reductions

- **■** Reduction of inventory
- Improvement of capital investment efficiency
- Reduction of assets-other





Global Vision 2020

Goals

Make Kikkoman soy sauce a truly global seasoning.

Be a company that supports healthy lifestyles through food.

Be a company whose existence is meaningful to global society.

Basic strategy

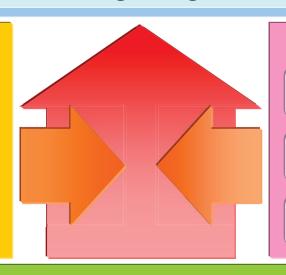
Global soy sauce strategy

Global strategy for oriental food wholesale

Del Monte business strategy

Health-related business strategy

Soy milk business strategy



Organization, structure

Global HR strategy

Global financial strategy

Global R&D strategy

Sources of corporate value

Overseas soy sauce business model

Global network

R&D and technological capabilities

Brand strength

Corporate social responsibility





Performance in Fiscal 2014 and Forecast for Fiscal 2015

Shozaburo Nakano
Executive Corporate Officer and CFO

1-1. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Consolidated P/L Results (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year actual results

(¥/EUR)

134.0

107.6

(Unit: billion yen)

					Breakdown of Change			
	Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2013	Change Increase / Decrease	%	Translation Difference	Rovalty	Actual Difference	%
Net Sales	343.2	300.2	42.9	114.3	27.5		15.4	105.1
Japan	170.7	163.9	6.9	104.2			6.9	104.2
Overseas	174.5	138.4	36.1	126.1	27.5		8.6	106.2
Operating Income	23.8	19.8	4.0	120.4	3.1		0.9	104.6
Japan	5.3	7.0	(1.8)	74.9		(0.8)	(1.0)	86.1
Overseas	17.5	13.1	4.5	134.1	2.8		1.6	112.5
Kikkoman (Holding Company)	5.1	3.4	1.7	150.6		0.8	0.9	127.0
Eliminations	(4.0)	(3.7)	(0.4)		0.3		(0.7)	
Ordinary Income	22.7	18.7	4.0	121.3	2.7		1.2	106.6
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests	22.3	17.7	4.6	125.9	2.9		1.6	109.3
Net Income	12.6	11.0	1.6	114.1	2.0		(0.4)	96.2
Exchange Rate (\(\frac{\pma}{US}\))	100.0	83.2	16.8	<u> </u>				·

26.4

kikkoman

1-2. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Consolidated Net Sales (Compared with Previous Year)

(¥/EUR)

134.0

ıll-yea	r actual results						(Unit: bill	ion yen)
		Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2013	Change Increase / Decrease	%	Break Translation Difference	down of Chan Actual Difference	ge %
Japan	Soy Sauce	48.1	45.8	2.3	105.0		2.3	105.0
	Food Products	59.4	57.4	2.0	103.4		2.0	103.4
	Beverages	41.0	38.9	2.1	105.4		2.1	105.4
	Sake and Wine	13.4	12.9	0.5	104.1		0.5	104.1
	Eliminations	(0.1)	(0.2)					
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	161.8	154.9	6.9	104.5		6.9	104.5
	Others	20.3	20.1	0.1	100.6		0.1	100.6
	Eliminations	(11.3)	(11.1)	(0.2)			(0.2)	
	Total	170.7	163.9	6.9	104.2		6.9	104.2
Overseas	North America	131.5	104.2	27.3	126.2	21.8	5.4	105.2
	Europe	19.5	14.1	5.4	137.9	3.8	1.6	111.2
	Asia & Oceania	20.3	16.7	3.6	121.6	2.4	1.2	107.3
	Others	26.2	22.1	4.0	118.1		4.0	118.1
	Eliminations	(23.0)	(18.9)	(4.1)		(0.5)	(3.7)	
	Total	174.5	138.4	36.1	126.1	27.5	8.6	106.2
Kikkoman	(Holding Company)	13.9	12.3	1.6	113.1		1.6	113.1
Eliminatio	ns	(15.9)	(14.3)	(1.6)			(1.6)	
	Consolidated Total	343.2	300.2	42.9	114.3	27.5	15.4	105.1
	Exchange Rate (\(\frac{\pma}{US}\))	100.0	83.2	16.8			le:lel	100

107.6

26.4

1-3. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Net Sales in Japan (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year actual results

(Unit: billion yen)

			Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2013	Change Increase / Decrease	%
Japan		Soy Sauce	48.1	45.8	2.3	105.0
		Food Products	59.4	57.4	2.0	103.4
		Beverages	41.0	38.9	2.1	105.4
	,	Sake and Wine	13.4	12.9	0.5	104.1
		Eliminations	(0.1)	(0.2)		
	Foo	ds-Manufacturing and sales	161.8	154.9	6.9	104.5
	Others		20.3	20.1	0.1	100.6
	Elin	ninations	(11.3)	(11.1)	(0.2)	
		Total	170.7	163.9	6.9	104.2

- Last-minute demand spurred by the anticipated consumption tax hike

Demand mainly for soy sauce generated sales of about 2.2 billion yen.

- Beverages Sales of about 1.9 billion yen were attributable to the impact of the launch of

Kikkoman Daily Company.

- Soy Sauce Sales of "Itsudemo Shinsen" (always fresh) series expanded steadily.

- Food Products Uchi-no-gohan (handy Japanese-style seasoning mixes) boosted sales.



1-4. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Net Sales Overseas (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year actual results

(Unit: billion yen)

Brookdown of Change

						Dreakt	down of Cha	nge
		Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2013	Change Increase / Decrease	%	Translation Difference	Actual Difference	0/0
Overseas	North America	131.5	104.2	27.3	126.2	21.8	5.4	105.2
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	43.7	34.8	8.9	125.5	7.4	1.5	104.3
	Foods-Wholesale	93.6	73.9	19.6	126.5	15.4	4.2	105.7
	Europe	19.5	14.1	5.4	137.9	3.8	1.6	111.2
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	9.2	6.6	2.6	139.6	1.8	0.8	112.0
	Foods-Wholesale	11.5	8.5	3.0	135.4	2.2	0.8	109.6
	Asia & Oceania	20.3	16.7	3.6	121.6	2.4	1.2	107.3
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	10.0	8.1	1.8	122.4	1.5	0.4	104.5
	Foods-Wholesale	10.5	8.7	1.8	120.6	0.9	0.9	109.9
	Others	26.2	22.1	4.0	118.1		4.0	118.1
	Eliminations	(23.0)	(18.9)	(4.1)		0.5	(3.7)	
	Total	174.5	138.4	36.1	126.1	27.5	8.6	106.2

< Explanations of changes excluding translation differences>

- North America Both the Soy Sauce Division and the Foods-Wholesale Division performed well.
- Europe Both the Soy Sauce Division and the Foods-Wholesale Division performed well, resulting in double-digit growth.

1-5. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Consolidated Operating Income (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year actual results

(¥/EUR)

134.0

107.6

(Unit: billion yen)

Brookdown of Change

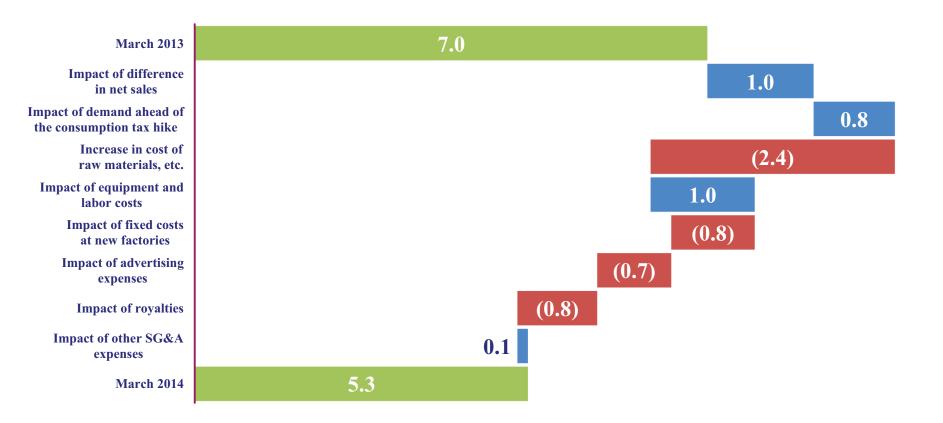
						Breakdown o	of Change		
		Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2013	Change Increase / Decrease	º/ ₀	Translation Difference	Royalty	Actual Difference	º/ ₀
Japan	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	4.3	5.5	(1.2)	78.0		(0.7)	(0.5)	90.2
	Others	0.9	1.5	(0.5)	62.8		(0.1)	(0.4)	70.3
	Total	5.3	7.0	(1.8)	74.9		(0.8)	(1.0)	86.1
Overseas	North America	11.5	8.8	2.7	131.2	2.0		0.8	108.8
	Europe	2.9	1.8	1.1	162.7	0.6		0.6	131.4
	Asia & Oceania	1.9	1.5	0.4	126.6	0.3		0.1	107.8
	Others	1.3	1.0	0.2	122.9			0.2	122.9
	Total	17.5	13.1	4.5	134.1	2.8		1.6	112.5
Kikkoman (Holding Company)		5.1	3.4	1.7	150.6		0.8	0.9	127.0
Eliminations		(4.0)	(3.7)	(0.4)		0.3		(0.7)	
	Consolidated Total	23.8	19.8	4.0	120.4	3.1		0.9	104.6
	Exchange Rate (\(\frac{\pma}{US}\)\)	100.0	83.2	16.8					

26.4

1-6. Major Factors for Changes in Operating Income in Japan

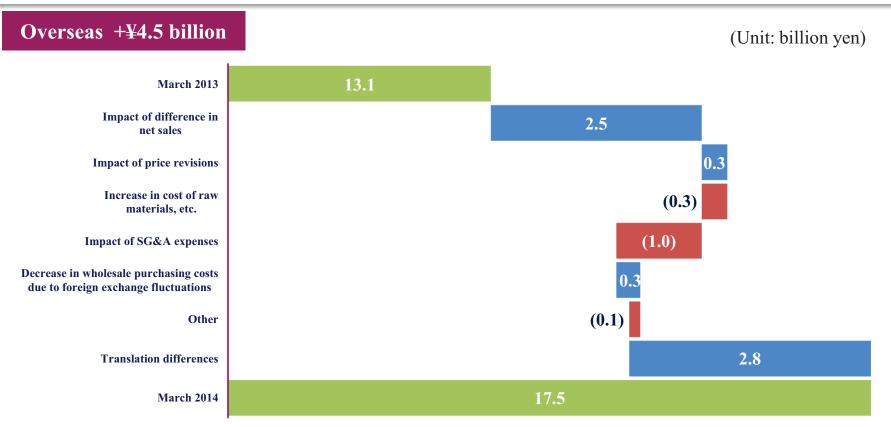
Japan -\(\frac{1}{4}1.8\) billion

(Unit: billion yen)





1-7. Major Factors for Changes in Operating Income Overseas



YoY Change in Overseas Soy Sauce Sales Volume (%)

	Sof Suuce Suites Volume (70)								
	Full year Actual AprMar.	1st half Actual AprSep.	2nd half Actual OctMar.						
North America	104	103	105						
Europe	110	110	110						
Asia & Oceania	102	106	99						

1-8. Performance in Fiscal 2014 Consolidated P/L Results (Compared with Forecasts)

Full-year actual results

(Unit: billion yen)

					Bream	uo
	Actual Performance	Forecast	Change Increase / Decrease	0/0	Translation Difference	D
Net Sales	343.2	337.0	6.2	101.8	5.6	
Japan	170.7	170.9	(0.2)	99.9		
Overseas	174.5	168.0	6.5	103.8	5.6	
Operating Income	23.8	23.2	0.6	102.8	0.5	
Japan	5.3	5.5	(0.2)	96.7		
Overseas	17.5	16.8	0.8	104.7	0.5	
Kikkoman (Holding Company)	5.1	4.9	0.2	105.0		
Eliminations	(4.0)	(3.9)	(0.2)		0.1	
Ordinary Income	22.7	21.0	1.7	108.0	0.5	
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests	22.3	20.5	1.8	108.7	0.5	
Net Income	12.6	12.5	0.1	100.5	0.3	
Fychange Rate (¥/IJS\$)	100 0	06.6	3.1			

Break	Breakdown of Change			
Translation Difference	Actual Difference	%		
5.6	0.6	100.2		
	(0.2)	99.9		
5.6	0.9	100.5		
0.5	0.1	100.5		
	(0.2)	96.7		
0.5	0.3	101.8		
	0.2	105.0		
0.1	(0.3)			
0.5	1.2	105.8		
0.5	1.3	106.2		
0.3	(0.3)	97.8		



1-9. Change in Consolidated Balance Sheets

a. Total Asset = 349.1	(Compared with 2013.3)	+12.1
b. Translation Difference		+9.0
Actual Difference (a. – b.)		+3.1
		(Unit: hill

+1.6
(3.8)
+1.9
+2.1
(1.3)
+2.7
+1.5
(1.6)
(2.4)
+5.6

	(Unit: billion yen)
Liabilities and net assets	+3.1
Liabilities	(13.2)
Interest bearing debt	(17.0)
Notes and accounts payable	+2.1
Income taxes payable	+1.2
Net defined benefit liability	(0.6)
Deferred tax liabilities	+0.9
Other	+0.2
Net assets	+16.2
Retained earnings	+6.7
Valuation difference on available-for-sale	
securities	+3.8
Foreign currency translation adjustments	+5.7
Minority interests	+0.0
Other	+0.0



1-10. Consolidated Cash Flows

Net CF (a + b + c + d) = (2.3)

(Unit: billion yen)

Cash flows from operating activities			
	+25.7		
Income before income taxes			
and minority interests	+22.3		
Depreciation and amortization	+13.0		
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	(1.5		
Inventories	(2.1		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	+1.0		
Income taxes	(7.9		
Other	+0.9		

b. Cash flows from investing activities	
	(8.5)
2' Purchase of property, plant,	
and equipment	(17.4)
2' Proceeds from sales of property,	
plant and equipment	+1.5
Purchase of investment securities	(1.7)
Sales of investment securities	+9.7
Loans receivable	(0.4)
Other	(0.3)

a. +2'	Free Cash Flows	+9.7
b2'	Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
	(Excluding Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment)	+7.4

c. Cash flows from financing activities		
	(21.6)	
Loans	+3.0	
Redemption of bonds	(20.7)	
Cash dividends paid	(4.0)	
Other	+0.1	





2-1. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Assumptions Made for Full-Year Forecasts

> Exchange rates

Full year: \(\pm\)100.0/US\(\pm\), \(\pm\)140.0/EUR

> Cost increase in raw materials

Consolidated total

Full year: ¥0.8 billion (Japan ¥0.6 billion, Overseas ¥0.2 billion)

(Underlying assumptions)

Soybeans (market price) \$12-\$14/bushel
Wheat (market price) \$6-\$7/bushel
Crude oil (market price) \$105-\$110/barrel



2-2. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Consolidated P/L Results (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year forecasts

(Unit: billion yen)

	Fiscal 2015 Forecast	Fiscal 2014 Actual Performance	Change Increase / Decrease	%
Net Sales	361.0	343.2	17.8	105.2
Japan	175.3	170.7	4.6	102.7
Overseas	187.7	174.5	13.2	107.6
Operating Income	24.7	23.8	0.9	103.6
Japan	5.1	5.3	(0.2)	96.8
Overseas	19.0	17.5	1.4	108.1
Kikkoman (Holding Company)	4.0	5.1	(1.1)	77.5
Eliminations	(3.3)	(4.0)	0.7	
Ordinary Income	23.5	22.7	0.8	103.6
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests	23.5	22.3	1.2	105.5
Net Income	14.5	12.6	1.9	115.4

Breako	Breakdown of Change			
Translation Difference	Actual Difference	%		
1.8	16.0	104.7		
	4.6	102.7		
1.8	11.4	106.5		
0.3	0.6	102.5		
	(0.2)	96.8		
0.2	1.2	106.8		
	(1.1)	77.5		
	0.7			
0.2	0.6	102.6		
0.2	1.0	104.4		
0.2	1.8	114.0		

Exchange Rate (\(\frac{1}{2}\)/US\(\frac{1}{2}\) 100.0 (\(\frac{1}{2}\)/EUR) 140.0

100.0 100.0 140.0 134.0 6.0



2-3. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Net Sales in Japan (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year forecasts					(Unit: bi	llion yen)
i dir yea			Fiscal 2015 Forecast	Fiscal 2014 Actual Performance	Change Increase / Decrease	%
	Japan	Soy Sauce	46.5	48.1	(1.6)	96.6
		Food Products	60.8	59.4	1.4	102.4
		Beverages	45.3	41.0	4.3	110.5
		Sake and Wine	13.6	13.4	0.2	101.2
		Eliminations	(0.1)	(0.1)		
		Foods-Manufacturing and sales	166.1	161.8	4.3	102.7
		Others	21.0	20.3	0.7	103.6
		Eliminations	(11.8)	(11.3)	(0.5)	
		Total	175.3	170.7	4.6	102.7

- Decline in sales due to the impact of demand ahead of the consumption tax hike About 4.4 billion yen (full year)

April – May: About 2.2 billion yen March: About 2.2 billion yen

- Beverages Impact of the launch of Kikkoman Daily Company.
About 1.9 billion yen

- Excluding these influences, actual sales are expected to increase about 7.1 billion yen.



2-4. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Net Sales Overseas (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year forecasts

(Unit: billion yen)

						Breakdown of Change			
		Fiscal 2015 Forecast	Fiscal 2014 Actual Performance	Change Increase / Decrease	%	Translation Difference	Actual Difference	%	
Overseas	North America	139.5	131.5	8.0	106.1	0.6	7.4	105.7	
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	45.5	43.7	1.8	104.1	0.3	1.5	103.5	
	Foods-Wholesale	100.0	93.6	6.4	106.8	0.3	6.1	106.5	
	Europe	22.6	19.5	3.1	116.0	1.1	2.0	110.1	
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	10.9	9.2	1.7	117.9	0.5	1.2	112.8	
	Foods-Wholesale Asia & Oceania	13.3	11.5	1.8	115.7	0.7	1.1	109.2	
		22.7	20.3	2.3	111.4	0.2	2.1	110.6	
	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	10.8	10.0	0.8	107.8	0.1	0.6	106.5	
	Foods-Wholesale	12.1	10.5	1.6	114.7		1.5	114.4	
	Others	27.7	26.2	1.5	105.9		1.5	105.9	
	Eliminations	(24.8)	(23.0)	(1.7)		(0.1)	(1.7)		
Total		187.7	174.5	13.2	107.6	1.8	11.4	106.5	
	Exchange Rate (¥/US\$)	100 0	100 0					<u> </u>	

Exchange Rate (\(\frac{1}{2}\)US\(\frac{1}{2}\) 100.0 100.0 (\(\frac{1}{2}\)EUR) 140.0 134.0 6.0

< Explanations of changes, excluding translation differences>

- Europe and Asia & Oceania Double-digit growth is expected.



2-5. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Consolidated Operating Income (Compared with Previous Year)

Full-year forecasts

(Unit: billion yen)

			Fiscal 2014 Change			Breakdown of Change			
		Fiscal 2015 Forecast Actual Performance	Increase / Decrease	%	Translation Difference	Actual Difference	%		
Japan	Foods-Manufacturing and sales	4.2	4.3	(0.2)	96.0		(0.2)	96.0	
	Others	1.0	0.9		103.6			103.6	
Total		5.1	5.3	(0.2)	96.8		(0.2)	96.8	
Overseas	North America	12.2	11.5	0.7	106.1		0.7	105.9	
	Europe	3.4	2.9	0.5	117.8	0.2	0.4	112.5	
	Asia & Oceania	2.1	1.9	0.2	113.3	0.1	0.2	110.5	
	Others	1.2	1.3		98.4			98.4	
Total		19.0	17.5	1.4	108.1	0.2	1.2	106.8	
Kikkoman (Holding Company)		4.0	5.1	(1.1)	77.5		(1.1)	77.5	
Eliminations		(3.3)	(4.0)	0.7			0.7		
Consolidated Total		24.7	23.8	0.9	103.6	0.3	0.6	102.5	
Evolungo Data (V/US®) 100 0 100 0									

Exchange Rate (\(\frac{\pma}{US}\))

100.0

100.0

(¥/EUR) 140.0

134.0

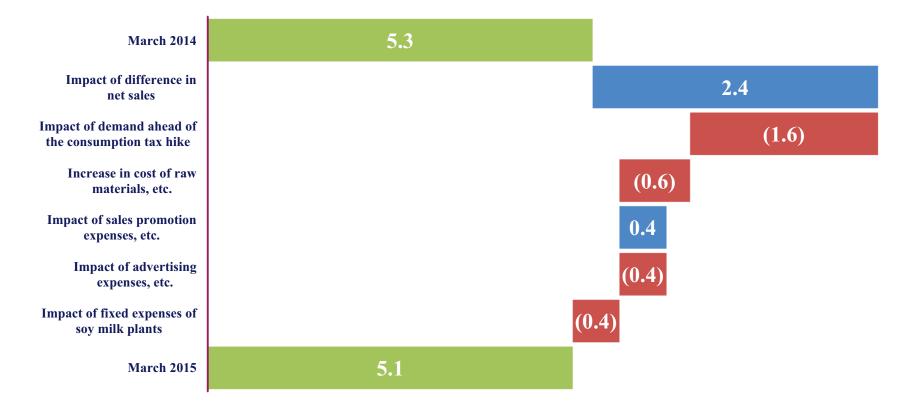
6.0

kikkoman

2-6. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Major Factors for Changes in Operating Income in Japan

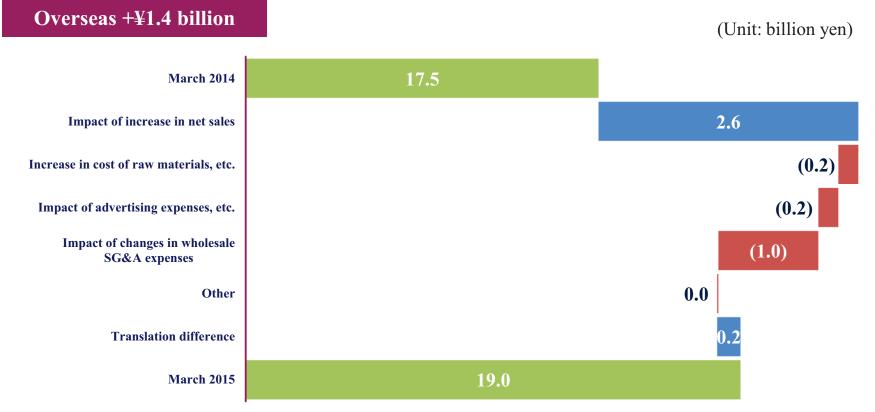
Japan -¥0.2 billion

(Unit: billion yen)





2-7. Forecast for Fiscal 2015 Major Factors for Changes in Operating Income Overseas

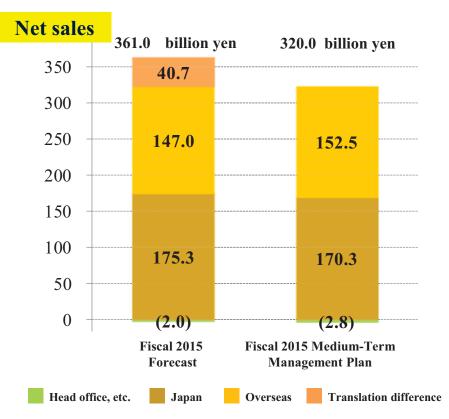


Forecasted YoY Change in Overseas Sov Sauce Sales Volume (%)

	Soy Sauce Sales Volume (76)					
	Full year	1st half	2nd half			
	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast			
	AprMar.	AprSep.	OctMar.			
North America	103	103	103			
Europe	112	112	112			
Asia & Oceania	108	108	109			

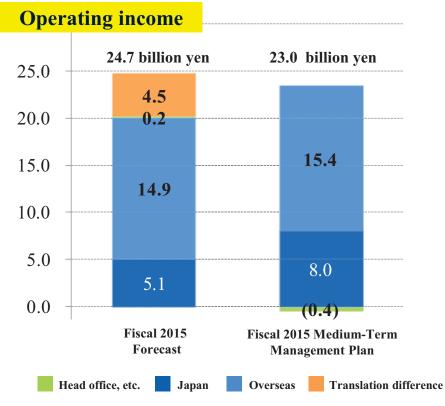
2-8. Differences between Full-Year Forecasts and Performance Targets in the Medium-Term Management Plan

Differences from the initial exchange rate assumptions in the Medium-Term Management Plan (¥78/US\$, ¥100/EUR)



In Japan, the sales target is expected to be achieved owing to strong sales of soy sauce, *Uchi-no-goha*n, and beverages.

Overseas, the sales target is expected to be achieved due to strong sales of soy sauce as well as translation differences.



In Japan, operating income will likely fall short of the target due to the increased cost of raw materials caused by the weakening of the yen. For the overseas and consolidated total, the operating income target is expected to be achieved, partly due to translation differences.

Note) The figures in the forecasts are calculated based on the foreign exchange assumptions as at the beginning of the medium-term management plan (\frac{478}{US}, \frac{4100}{EUR}).

2-9. Breakdown by Segment

(For reference)

Impact of translation differences in the event of any change to exchange rate assumptions in the forecasts

(Unit: billion van)

				The forecasts				
		Actual Results for Fiscal 2012	Actual Results for Fiscal 2013		Forecast for Fiscal 2015	2015 Medium- Term Management Plan	Translation Difference	Forecast for Fiscal 2015 - Translation Difference
Japan Total	Net Sales	157.0	163.8	170.7	175.3	170.3		175.3
	Operating Income	5.3	7.0	5.3	5.1	8.0		5.1
Foods-Manufacturing and	Net Sales	147.9	154.8	161.8	166.1	160.1		166.1
sales	Operating Income	3.6	5.5	4.3	4.2	6.3		4.2
Others	Net Sales	20.5	20.1	20.3	21.0	22.0		21.0
	Operating Income	1.7	1.5	0.9	1.0	1.7		1.0
Overseas Total	Net Sales	128.3	138.4	174.5	187.7	152.5	40.7	147.0
	Operating Income	12.2	13.1	17.5	19.0	15.4	4.1	14.9
North America	Net Sales	96.6	104.2	131.5	139.5	109.9	30.7	108.8
	Operating Income	8.1	8.8	11.5	12.2	9.5	2.7	9.5
Europe	Net Sales	13.0	14.1	19.5	22.6	16.5	6.6	16.0
	Operating Income	1.8	1.8	2.9	3.4	2.4	1.0	2.4
Asia & Oceania	Net Sales	15.8	16.7	20.3	22.7	20.2	4.2	18.5
	Operating Income	1.4	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	0.5	1.7
Eliminations and Corporate	Net Sales	(2.1)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(2.8)		(2.0)
Eminiations and Corporate	Operating Income	0.3	(0.3)	1.0	0.7	(0.4)	0.4	0.2
Consolidated Total	Net Sales	283.2	300.2	343.2	361.0	320.0	40.7	320.3
	Operating Income	17.8	19.8	23.8	24.7	23.0	4.5	20.2
* Exchange Rate	(¥/US\$)	79.3	83.2	100.0	100.0	78.0	22.0	78.0
	(¥/EUR)	110.2	107.6	134.0	140.0	100.0	40.0	100.0



